

Verbs (*head verb)

1st conjugation

Desidero, desiderare, desideravi, desideratum- to desire,
long for, miss

*Recito, recitare, recitavi, recitatum- to read aloud, recite

Vito, vitare, vitavi, vitatum- to avoid, shun

2nd conjugation

Misceo, miscere, miscui, mixtum- to mix, stir up, disturb

Teneo, tenere, tenui, tentum- to hold, keep, possess;
restrain

3rd conjugation

*Committo, committere, commisi, commissum- to
entrust, commit

Neglego, neglegere, neglexi, neglectum- to neglect,
disregard

Rego, regere, rexi, rectum- to rule, guide, direct

3^{io} conjugation

Conicio, conicere, conieci, coniectum- to hurl

Iacio, iacere, ieci, iactum- to throw

Nouns

1st declension

Asia, Asiae (f.)- Asia

Gloria, gloria (f.)- glory, fame

Medica, medicae (f.)- doctor, physician

2nd declension masculine

Annus, anni (m.)- year

Liber, libri (m.)- book

Medicus, medici (m.) - doctor, physician

2nd declension neuter

Beneficium, beneficium (n.)- benefit, kindness; favor

Caelum, caeli (n.)- sky

Exitum, exiti (n.)- destruction

3rd declension masculine and feminine consonant

stem

Auctor, auctoris (m.)- increaser; author, originator

Auditor, auditoris (m.)- hearer, listener, member of an
audience

3rd declension masculine and feminine i-stem

Nubes, nubis (f.)- cloud

3rd declension neuter consonant stem

Genus, generis (n.)- origin; kind, type, sort, class

4th declension

Sensus, sensus (m.)- feeling, sense

Natura, naturae (f.)- nature

Victoria, victoriae (f.)- victory

Morbus, morbi (m.)- diseases, sickness

Oculus, oculi (m.)- eye

Officium, officii (n.)- duty, service

Remedium, remedii (n.)- remedy

Studium, studii (n.)- eagerness, zeal, pursuit, study

Scriptor, scriptoris (m.)- writer, author

Spiritus, spiritus (m.)- breath; spirit, soul

Directions: Follow the directions below to complete the assignment of each day (note **you may work ahead** but you cannot fall behind). Also for the sections involving declining, you do not need to include the vocative case. **Finally, this is for extra credit and it will be applied to the first quarter grade.**

Day 1:

Conjugate all the verbs in the present passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 2:

Conjugate all the verbs in the imperfect passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 3:

Conjugate all the verbs in the future passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 4:

Conjugate all the verbs in the perfect passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 5:

Conjugate all the verbs in the pluperfect passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 6:

Conjugate all the verbs in the future perfect passive indicative. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 7:

Provide the present passive infinitive for all verbs. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 8:

Provide the perfect active infinitive for all verbs. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 9:

Provide the perfect passive infinitive for all verbs. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 10:

Provide the future active infinitive for all verbs. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 11:

Provide the future passive infinitive for all verbs. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 12:

Decline all the 1st declension nouns with a present active participle. (do not repeat participle)

Day 13:

Decline all the 2nd declension masculine nouns with a perfect passive participle. (do not repeat participle)

Day 14:

Decline all the 2nd declension neuter nouns with future active participle. (do not repeat participle)

Day 15:

Decline all the 3rd declension (all genders and stems) and 4th declension nouns with the pronoun ipse, ipsa, ipsum.

Day 16:

- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative of means/instrument. **Include the English translation.**
- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative of manner. **Include the English translation.**
- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative of agent. **Include the English translation.**

Day 17:

- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative of separation (hint: use verbs *libero, liberare, liberavi, liberatum-* to free and *careo, career, carui, cariturum-* to be without, be deprived of, want, lack). **Include the English translation.**
- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative of accompaniment (hint: cum + abl.- with). **Include the English translation.**
- Create 2 Latin sentences featuring the ablative absolute. **Include the English translation.**

Day 18:

Create 4 Latin sentences featuring indirect statements (hint: head verb + acc. + infinitive). Make sure to include variety in the tenses of head verbs and infinitives. **Include the English translation.**

Day 19:

Conjugate *volo, velle, volui-* to wish, be willing and *nolo, nolle, nolui-* to be unwilling, refuse in the present, imperfect, future, perfect, pluperfect, and future perfect tense. **Include the English meanings.**

Day 20:

Conjugate all the verbs in the present active subjunctive.

Day 21:

Conjugate all the verbs in the present passive subjunctive.

Day 22:

Conjugate all the verbs in the imperfect active subjunctive.

Day 23:

Conjugate all the verbs in the imperfect passive subjunctive.

Day 24:

- Create 5 original Latin sentences featuring the purpose clause (remember the use of “ut” and “ne” as well as the present subjunctive translating as “may” and the imperfect subjunctive translating as “might”). **Include the English translation.**

Day 25:

Memorize all of the vocabulary words.